

Archdiocese of Los Angeles

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Lenten Guidelines 2025 March 5 – April 17

The annual observance of Lent is the special season for the ascent to the holy mountain of Easter. Through its twofold theme of repentance and preparation for Baptism, the season of Lent disposes both the catechumens and the faithful to celebrate the Paschal Mystery (Ceremonial of Bishops, 249).

It begins on Ash Wednesday, March 5th. It ends on Holy Thursday, April 17th, before the celebration of the Evening Mass of the Lord's Supper.

Ash Wednesday marks the beginning of Lent, which is "a powerful season, a turning point that can foster change and conversion in each of us. We all need to improve, to change for the better. Lent helps us and thus we leave behind old habits and the lazy addiction to the evil that deceives and ensnares us. During the season of Lent, the Church issues two important invitations: to have a greater awareness of the redemptive work of Christ; and to live out one's Baptism with deeper commitment" (Pope Francis, General Audience. March 5, 2014).

The season of Lent is a special opportunity to grow spiritually through penitential practices, especially self-denial, almsgiving, and works of mercy.

Lent is also a time to emphasize the Sacrament of Penance. Pastors are encouraged to offer the faithful various opportunities to celebrate this Sacrament, including individual Confession as well as Communal Penance Services. All priests are urged to ensure that every Catholic has the opportunity to celebrate this sacrament during Lent.

In addition, pastors are encouraged to have weekly prayer services, including the Stations of the Cross on Fridays, Exposition of the Blessed Sacrament and Benediction, Evening Prayer, as well as evening Masses. A homily or instruction should be included. Stations of the Cross are not to take place while the Blessed Sacrament is exposed on the altar. Likewise, the Eucharist is not to be distributed to the faithful at the end of the Stations of the Cross.

Distribution of Ashes outside Ash Wednesday

The liturgical blessing and imposition of ashes is tied to Ash Wednesday only. For more information, please see the article in the link provided.

https://adoremus.org/2024/01/q-can-ashes-be-distributed-on-a-day-besides-ash-wednesday/

General Guidelines and Practices

I. Lenten Fasting and Abstinence

Ash Wednesday and **Good Friday** are obligatory days of universal fast and abstinence. Fasting is obligatory for all who have completed their 18th year until the beginning of their 60th year. Fasting allows for one full meal and two smaller meals not to equal one full meal. Abstinence from meat is obligatory for all who have completed their 14th year of age.

Fridays in Lent are obligatory days of abstinence from meat for all who have completed their 14th year. As always, anyone for whom fasting or abstinence would pose a health risk is excused. For example, pregnant women (breastfeeding mothers) or people receiving medical treatment are not obligated to fast. Nevertheless, people especially in this category are invited to practice another form of fasting besides food.

II. Prayers for the Mass during Lent

Nicene Creed or Apostle's Creed

Instead of the Niceno-Constantinopolitan Creed, especially during Lent and Easter Time, the baptismal Symbol of the Roman Church, known as the Apostle's Creed, may be used (Order of the Mass, 19).

Eucharistic Prayers for Reconciliation during Lent

Some of the *Eucharistic Prayers* in the *Roman Missal* have proper prefaces and can only be used when there is no other required preface for a day, for example, Eucharistic Prayer IV, the Eucharistic Prayers for Various Needs, and the Eucharistic Prayers for Masses with Children. Eucharistic Prayer II has a proper preface but may be used with any other preface provided in the Missal.

The Eucharistic Prayers for Reconciliation fall in between the previous two categories. They have their own proper preface, but they may also be used with certain other prefaces that express the themes of penance and conversion.

The *Roman Missal*, in fact, explicitly encourages their use during Lent with the Lenten prefaces: "Although these Eucharistic Prayers have been provided with a proper Preface, they may also be used with other Prefaces that refer to penance and conversion, as, for example, the Prefaces of Lent."

The liturgical time of Lent is an ideal period to use these beautiful prayers as the Church proclaims the Gospel message of repentance and reconciliation with particular focus and clarity.

Memorials of Saints

All memorials during Lent, including obligatory memorials, are optional. If they are observed, they are only as commemorations. At the Office of Readings: add a third reading and a third responsory (of the saint) before the concluding prayer. At Mass: the Collect of the saint may be used as the collect and the collect of the Lenten weekday may be used to conclude the universal prayer.

"Prayer over the People" during Lent

The prayers are obligatory on Sundays of Lent. They are optional – and swappable – on weekdays of Lent.

Priest: The Lord be with you. *All: And with your spirit.*

Deacon / Priest: Bow Down for the Blessing

Priest: [Prayer over the people]

All: Amen.

Priest: May almighty God bless you...

All: Amen.

Deacon / Priest: [Dismissal "Go..."]

All: Thanks be to God.

III.Disposal of Holy Oils

"The pastor is to obtain the sacred oils from his own bishop and keep them carefully in a fitting place" (Canon 847). This happens at the annual Chrism Mass, this year on Monday, April 14th, 7:00 PM at the Cathedral of Our Lady of the Angels.

"Each year when the bishop blesses the oils and consecrates the Chrism, the pastor should see that the old oils are properly disposed by burning and that they are replaced by the newly blessed oils" (Book of Blessings, 1127). One common practice is to saturate the old purificators and/or old linens with the old Chrism oil and burn them in the Easter fire. If for any reason the holy oils cannot be burned, another acceptable practice is to bury them in sacred ground (for example, on the flower beds around the church ground).

IV.Lenten Environment

During Lent the altar is not to be decorated with flowers. The Fourth Sunday of Lent (*Laetare* Sunday) and the Solemnity of Saint Joseph are exceptions to this rule.

Covering of Crosses and Images

"In the Diocese of the United States, the practice of covering crosses and images throughout the church from this Sunday may be observed. Crosses remain covered until the end of the celebration of the Lord's Passion on Good Friday, but images remain covered until the beginning of the Easter Vigil" (*Roman Missal*, introduction to the Fifth Sunday of Lent). This is an optional practice.

V. Music for Lent

During Lent, the use of musical instruments is allowed only to support the singing. The liturgical music should also be rendered in a more subdued and reflective way so as to not evoke the eventual full joy of Easter. Nevertheless, *Laetare* Sunday (Fourth Sunday of Lent), Solemnities, and Feasts are exceptions to this rule. The Alleluia is not said or sung, in any form, during Lent (not even on the Solemnity of St. Joseph or the Annunciation, in case these fall during Lent) and it is replaced with an appropriate Lenten Gospel Acclamation. The use of the *Gloria* is also suspended during Lent, with the exception of wedding Masses and Solemnities occurring during the season, for example: St. Joseph on March 19 and Annunciation on March 25 this 2025.

Celebration of Sacraments and Rites during Lent

VI.Sacrament of Reconciliation

"The season of Lent is most appropriate for celebrating the Sacrament of Penance. Already on Ash Wednesday the people of God have heard the solemn invitation 'Repent and believe in the Gospel.' It is therefore fitting to have several penitential celebrations during Lent, so that all the faithful may have an opportunity to be reconciled with God and their neighbor and so be able to celebrate the paschal mystery in the Easter Triduum with renewed hearts" (*The Order of Penance*, 13). *The Order of Penance* ritual book contains two sample Lenten penitential services. It should be noted, however, that at such communal celebrations, general absolution may not be given.

When planning communal Reconciliation services for the parish, please be reminded that the "Order for Reconciliation of Several Penitents with Individual Confession and Absolution" should be used. Please note that the new rite, *Order of Penance*, came out in 2023.

VII. Anointing of the Sick

The Anointing of the Sick and the Sacrament of Penance can never be denied to the faithful who legitimately seek them. These sacraments can be celebrated on any day, including Good Friday and Holy Saturday.

VIII. Funerals during the season of Lent and the Easter Triduum

The Lenten season should be reflected in the choice of music and scripture.

On Holy Thursday, Good Friday, and Holy Saturday, a funeral Mass *may not* be celebrated. On these days, the body of the deceased may be brought into the church for a **Funeral Liturgy Outside of Mass**, using the *Order of Christian Funerals*, part I, chapter 4. A Mass for the deceased should be offered as soon as possible as is convenient following Easter Sunday (*Order of Christian Funerals*, 107-203).

IX. Marriages during the Season of Lent and the Easter Triduum

Marriages during the season of Lent may not be the optimal choice. However, one cannot deny the Sacraments to the faithful if they are properly disposed. If a marriage does take place during the Lenten season, there should be a marked moderation in the festivity, and the parish environment should not be altered from that of Lent. While the *Gloria* is suspended during Lent, it is sung or said during the *Order of Celebrating Matrimony*. Couples celebrating the Sacrament of Matrimony are to be reminded that wedding plans should respect the nature of this liturgical season (e.g., flowers, music, etc.) The celebration of marriage (or the convalidation of marriage) is not permitted during the Easter Triduum.

X. Communion for the Sick and Viaticum

Communion may be brought to the sick on all days except Holy Saturday. On this day, Communion may be given only as Viaticum. Communion services outside of the liturgy are not to be held on Holy Thursday, Good Friday, or Holy Saturday. According to the Church's ancient tradition, except for Confession, the Sacraments are not celebrated on Good Friday or Holy Saturday.

XI. Infant Baptisms

"To bring out the Paschal character of baptism, it is recommended that the sacrament be celebrated during the Easter Vigil or on Sunday when the Church commemorates the Lord's resurrection" (*The Order of Baptism of Children*, Introduction, 9). Nevertheless, **the celebration of infant baptism is allowed during Lent**. During the Easter Triduum, it is not allowed on Good Friday, nor on Holy Saturday morning. It should be noted, however, that infant baptisms are allowed during the Easter Vigil (*Order of Infant Baptism*, 28; *Order of Christian Initiation for Adults*, 562).

XII. Confirmation

When Confirmation is celebrated on Sundays and Saturday evenings after 4pm during Lent, the Mass of the Day is celebrated, the readings of the day are used, and violet vestments are worn.

When Confirmation is celebrated on a weekday, the Ritual Mass for the Conferral of Confirmation is used, red or white vestments may be worn, and the readings may be taken from Lectionary IV for the Ritual Masses: Confirmation.

Please see the link below for more information about celebrating the Sacrament of Confirmation during Lent. https://lacatholics.org/confirmation-rite-guidelines/

Particular Days of Lent

Ash Wednesday, 05 March 2025

"On the Wednesday before the First Sunday of Lent the faithful, by receiving the ashes, enter upon the season appointed for spiritual purification. This sign of penance, biblical in origin (see 2 Sam 13:19; Esther 4:1; Job 42:6; 1 Mac 3:47, 4:39; Lam 2:10) and preserved among the customs of the Church until our own day, expresses the human condition as affected by sin. In this sign we outwardly profess our guilt before God and thereby, prompted by the hope that the Lord is kind and compassionate, patient and abounding in mercy, express our desire for inward conversion. This sign is also the beginning of the journey of conversion that will reach its goal in the celebration of the reconciliation during the days leading to Easter" (*Ceremonial of Bishops*, 253).

For Mass on Ash Wednesday:

- Begins with the Sign of the Cross & Greeting (The Lord be with you, Let us pray, and the Collect).
- The Penitential Act (*I confess... Lord, have mercy...*) is omitted.
- The Ashes are blessed and distributed after the homily (see below).
- The Creed is omitted; the Universal Prayer is said.
- The Mass is proper; Preface III or IV of Lent are appropriate for use.
- Eucharistic Prayer for Reconciliation I or II are highly recommended.
- *The Book of Blessings* (chapter 52) provides the ritual for distribution of ashes outside of Mass.

The blessing and imposition of ashes takes place only on Ash Wednesday, ordinarily during the celebration of the Eucharist. The *Roman Missal* contains the "Rite for the Blessing of Ashes within Mass". "The Order for the Blessing and Distribution of Ashes outside of Mass" is found in the *Book of Blessings*. If the Eucharist is not celebrated, the blessing and distribution is to take place within the

celebration of the Liturgy of the Word. The minister for the blessing of ashes within the Mass is a bishop or priest. The minister for the blessing of ashes during a Liturgy of the Word is a bishop, priest, or deacon. Other persons may assist the bishop, priest, or deacon in the imposition of ashes (e.g. Extraordinary Ministers of Holy Communion, and other lay persons). However, these persons do not bless the ashes. Extraordinary Ministers of Holy Communion may bring blessed ashes to the sick and those confined to their home. The reception of ashes is not an obligation of the faithful.

The use of bottles, Q-tips or cotton balls for distribution of ashes is **not allowed**.

Application on the Forehead with the Thumb

After the blessing of the ashes, the minister marks the forehead of the recipient with ashes using the thumb saying, "Repent and believe in the Gospel" or "Remember that you are dust and to dust you shall return."

09 March 2025

First Sunday of Lent

The Sundays in Lent rank as Solemnities, although the *Gloria* is not sung or said. The Third Edition of the *Roman Missal* provides proper Prefaces for each of the Sundays in Lent, and a Prayer over the People before the final blessing is provided as an option.

The **Rite of Election** takes place on this First Sunday of Lent at the Cathedral of Our Lady of the Angels.

Clink the link below for information and registration. For those attending the Rite of Election at the Cathedral, please register here: https://forms.gle/Sf6xeEDWa2Q2DDzb7

13 March 2024

12th Anniversary of the Election of Pope Francis.

16 March 2025

Second Sunday of Lent

The **Rite of Calling and Continuing Conversion** takes place on this Second Sunday of Lent at the Cathedral of Our Lady of the Angels.

Clink the link below for information and registration. For those attending the Rite of Election at the Cathedral, please register here: https://forms.gle/9qho4coHnw2CWPos8

Monday, 17 March 2025

St. Patrick's Day - Obligatory Memorial

Second Patron of the Archdiocese of Los Angeles

Wednesday, 19 March 2025

St. Joseph, Spouse of the Blessed Virgin Mary

For Mass on this Solemnity:

- Vestments Color: White
- The Mass is proper (including the Preface: "The Mission of St. Joseph").

- *Gloria* is sung or said.
- Lenten Gospel Acclamation is still used.
- Creed is recited.
- Pastoral Suggestion: Ask the fathers to bring up the gifts (bread and wine) during the Offertory.
- Order for the Blessing of St. Joseph's Table. See *Book of Blessings*, nos. 1679-1700.
- It is the custom in some places to bless bread, pastries, and other food, a large portion of which is given to the poor. For the "Order of Blessing of St. Joseph's Table", see the *Book of Blessings*, nos. 1679-1700. See also the *Catholic Household Book of Blessings and Prayers* (from the USCCB Committee on the Liturgy, nos. 104-141).

12th Anniversary of the Beginning of the Petrine Ministry of His Holiness, Pope Francis.

23 March 2025

Third Sunday of Lent

Proper Mass of the day (Third Sunday of Lent) or from the Ritual Masses: "The Scrutinies." *First Scrutiny of the Elect*

OCIA Scrutinies

For parishes that have members of the Elect who are preparing for the sacraments of initiation at the Easter Vigil on April 19, 2025, the three Scrutinies are celebrated with them on the Third, Fourth, and Fifth Sundays of Lent (March 23, March 30, and April 6). The Scrutinies "are rites for self-searching and repentance and are meant to uncover, then heal all that is weak...in the hearts of the Elect...and to bring out all that is upright and good" (OCIA, 141).

The Mass at which the Scrutiny takes place uses the prayer texts from the Ritual Mass section – 2. For the Celebration of the Scrutinies – found in the *Roman Missal* (OCIA, 146, 170, 177).

Because of the intimate connection between the readings and the Scrutiny prayers, the readings for the particular Mass at which the scrutiny is celebrated uses the Cycle A readings: the Samaritan woman (OCIA, 146). If the 3rd Sunday of Lent is celebrated, then the readings are taken from Year C.

The first presentation to the Elect is that of the Creed, made during the week following the First Scrutiny (OCIA, 157-163).

After the dismissal, the Eucharist is celebrated. The Universal Prayer (Prayer of the Faithful) for the needs of the Church and the whole world begins immediately. Then if required, the Creed is said, and the Preparation of the Gifts follows. But for pastoral reasons the Universal Prayer (Prayer of the Faithful) and the Creed may be omitted. In the Eucharistic Prayer there is to be a remembrance of the election and their godparents (cf. Ritual Mass: For the Celebration of the Scrutinies) (OCIA, 156).

Tuesday, 25 March 2025 Solemnity of the Annunciation of the Lord

For Mass on this Solemnity:

- Vestments: White
- Prayer texts are proper and taken from March 25.

- The Lenten readings are NOT used today, but the proper readings for this solemnity.
- Sprinkling Rite may be used instead of Penitential Act.
- *Gloria* is sung.
- Creed is said. Today, all genuflect at the words "and was incarnate." Inform the congregation to genuflect at this time.
- Solemn Blessing #15 may be used.
- A Marian image of the Annunciation may be decorated and reverenced with incense at the beginning of Mass.

30 March 2025

Fourth Sunday of Lent (Laetare Sunday)

Laetare means "rejoice!" It is a joyful anticipation of Easter. "In this Mass, the color violet or rose is used. Instrumental music is permitted, and the altar may be decorated with flowers" (Roman Missal, introduction to the Fourth Sunday of Lent).

The **Second Scrutiny** is celebrated in preparation for the Baptism of the catechumens who are to be admitted to the Sacraments of Christian Initiation at the Easter Vigil. Proper Mass of the day (Fourth Sunday of Lent) or from the Ritual Masses: "The Scrutinies" (see Third Sunday of Lent above for more information). The readings are taken from Year A (31): the Man Born Blind. If the 4th Sunday of Lent is celebrated, then the readings are taken from Year C.

06 April 2025

Fifth Sunday of Lent

"In the Diocese of the United States, the practice of covering crosses and images throughout the church from this Sunday may be observed. Crosses remain covered until the end of the celebration of the Lord's Passion on Good Friday, but images remain covered until the beginning of the Easter Vigil" (*Roman Missal*, introduction to the Fifth Sunday of Lent).

The proper Mass of the day (Fifth Sunday of Lent) is used or the ritual Mass ("The Scrutinies") (see Third Sunday of Lent above for more information).

The **Third Scrutiny** is celebrated in preparation for the Baptism of the catechumens who are to be admitted to the Sacraments of Christian Initiation at the Easter Vigil. The readings are taken from Year A (34): the Raising of Lazarus. If the 5th Sunday of Lent is celebrated, then the readings are taken from Year C.

If you have any questions about the Scrutinies, please contact Leticia Perez at the Office for Divine Worship (213) 637-7595.

Extra Lent & Easter Preparations

Paschal Candle

The Paschal Candle should be prepared, which for effective symbolism must be made of wax, never be artificial, be renewed each year, be only one in number, and be of sufficiently large size, so that it may evoke the truth that Christ is the light of the world. It is blessed with the signs and words prescribed in the Roman Missal ("Circular Letter Concerning Preparation and Celebration of Easter Feasts," 82).

PRACTICAL NOTE

When preparing the Paschal Candle, to be lit for the first time at Easter Vigil, it is good practice to burn any excess wax off the wick pre-liturgy so that when it is lit during the *Lucernarium*, it lights with ease.

Time of Easter Vigil - Saturday, April 19, 2025

The Easter Vigil is the first Mass of Easter Sunday and *not* in any way to be considered an Anticipated Mass for Easter Sunday. This is why the discipline of the Church insists that it should not begin before nightfall in any circumstance.

Furthermore, the beginning of the Easter Vigil is governed not by a clock, but by the sacramentality of light and darkness. 'The entire celebration of the Easter Vigil takes place at night. It should not begin before nightfall; it should end before daybreak on Sunday.' (Congregation for Divine Worship, 1988). This rule is to be taken according to its strictest sense. Reprehensible are those abuses and practices which have crept in in many places in violation of this ruling, whereby the Easter Vigil is celebrated at the time of day that it is customary to celebrate anticipated Sunday Masses. (Circular Letter Concerning Preparation and Celebration of Easter Feasts, 78).

In the region of Los Angeles, the sun sets below the horizon at approximately **7:30pm** – therefore, Easter Vigil begins at this time or later.

Notes:

In the coming weeks, the Office for Divine Worship will issue Guidelines for Holy Week 2025.

USCCB Resources for Lent: https://www.usccb.org/prayer-worship/liturgical-year/lent

Liturgical Preparation Aid for Lent, the Sacred Paschal Triduum, and the Easter Season 2025 (Year C) from the FDLC: https://fdlc.org/2025/01/liturgical-preparation-aid-for-lent-the-sacred-paschal-triduum-and-the-easter-season-2025-year-c/